

GAGA TYPE CONJECTURE FOR THE BRAUER GROUP VIA DERIVED GEOMETRY

FEDERICO BINDA

In Brauer III, Grothendieck considered the problem of comparing the cohomological Brauer group $Br(X) = H_{\text{ét}}^2(X, G_m)$ of a scheme X , proper and flat over a henselian DVR R , and the inverse limit of the Brauer groups $\varprojlim_n Br(X_n)$, where $X_n = X \otimes_R R/m^n$. He proved that the canonical map $Br(X) \rightarrow \varprojlim_n Br(X_n)$ is injective under a number of restrictions, and left as an open problem the question on whether the formal injectivity holds in a fairly general setting. Thanks to the machinery of derived algebraic geometry and the results of Toën on derived Azumaya algebras and derived Morita theory, we are able to rephrase Grothendieck's question in terms of a formal GAGA-type problem for smooth and proper categories, enriched over the ∞ -category $QCoh(X)$ of quasi-coherent O_X -modules. In this framework we can show that Grothendieck's injectivity conjecture always holds for a proper derived scheme $X \rightarrow S$ where S is the spectrum of any complete Noetherian local ring, if we are willing to replace the inverse limit $\varprojlim_n Br(X_n)$ with the Brauer group $Br(X)$ of the formal scheme \mathfrak{X} given by the colimit of the thickenings X_n . The obstruction involving the inverse system $Pic(X_n)$ considered by Grothendieck appears naturally in the Milnor sequence for a certain tower of spaces. This is a joint work in progress with Mauro Porta (IRMA, Strasbourg).